



Ostfalia
Hochschule für angewandte
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Decentralized Cooperative Intersection Management Based on Connected Autonomous Vehicles for Urban Unsignalized Intersections

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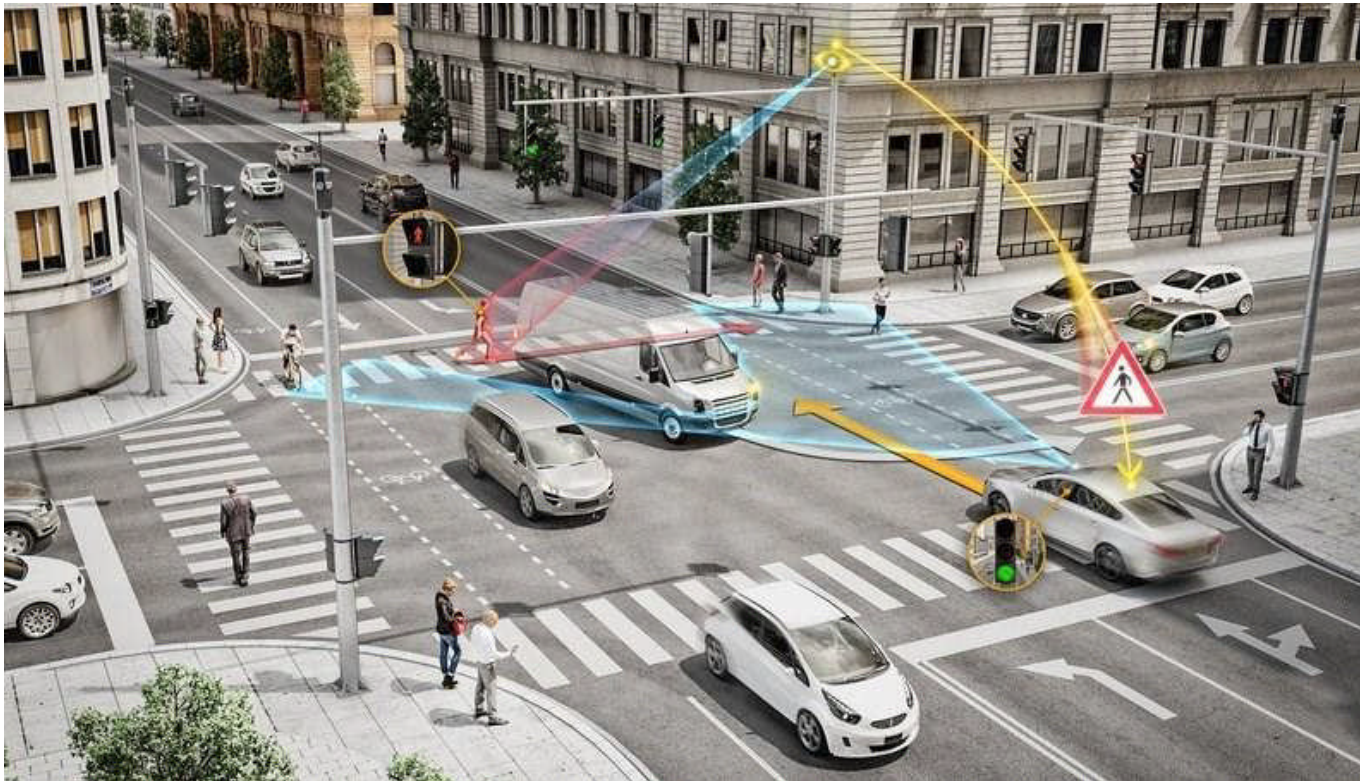


- Model-based design of vehicle mechatronic systems
- Development of the virtual test bench for modelling and simulation of the cyber-physical production systems with integrated Industry 4.0 solutions
- Networking of smart home, smart traffic, and smart grid to stabilize the energy grid and increase energy efficiency
- Development of cooperative driving functions to realize autonomous driving for AGVs in intralogistics and for vehicles in public road traffic

Agenda



- Introduction and motivation
- State of the art
- Methodology
- Development of the decentralized cooperative intersection management
- Function validation via MiL-Simulations
- Conclusion



Source: <https://www.next-mobility.de/wie-intelligente-kreuzungen-smart-cities-sicherer-machen-a-672908/>

- Community Database of the European Union “CARE”: 20% of traffic fatalities are attributable to road traffic at intersections
- In USA: 40% of accidents and 21.5% of traffic fatalities occur at intersections
- In Germany: about two-thirds of all cyclist accidents with personal injury recorded by the police in urban areas occurred at intersections

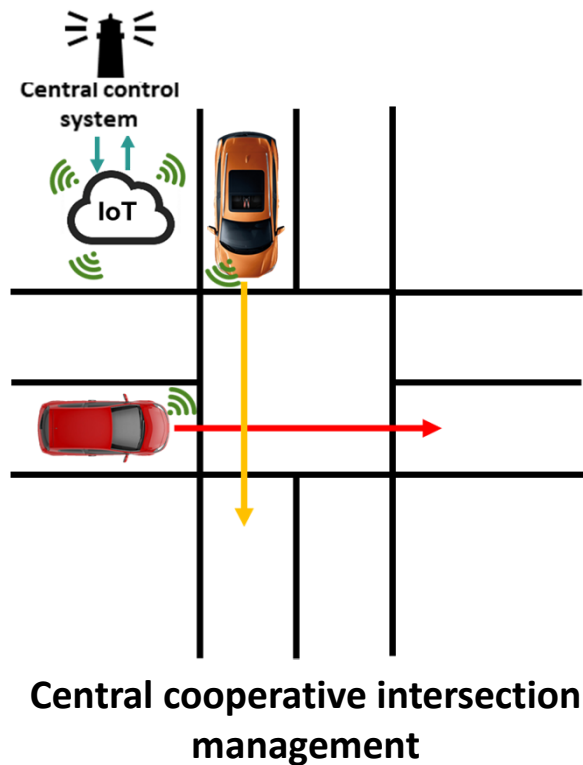


intersection management

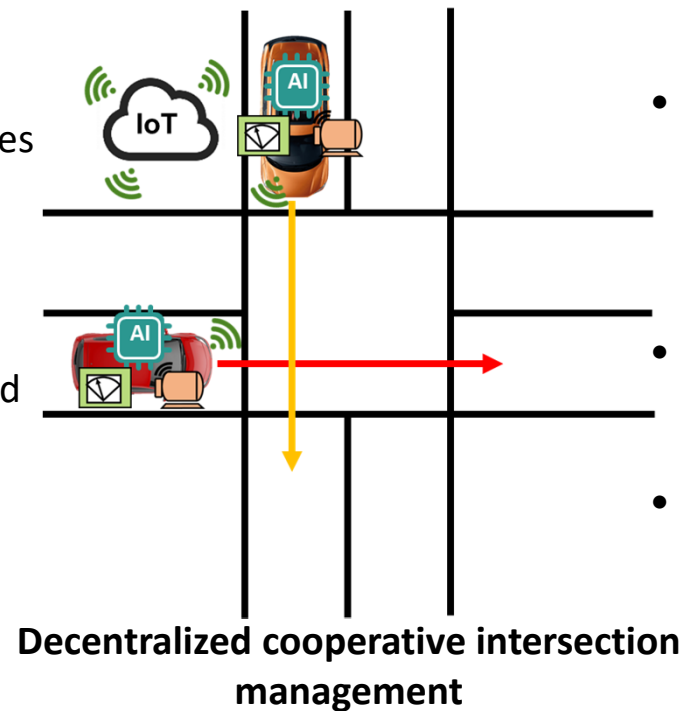
- optimize traffic throughput
- ensure proactive safety

Cooperative intersection management

- based on networked autonomous vehicles
- creating and executing a (global) optimal sequence for road users



- Central control system for dispatching the passing vehicles and determining their speed and sequence
- commands from higher hierarchical level to automated vehicles through V2I
- Global optimization of traffic flow




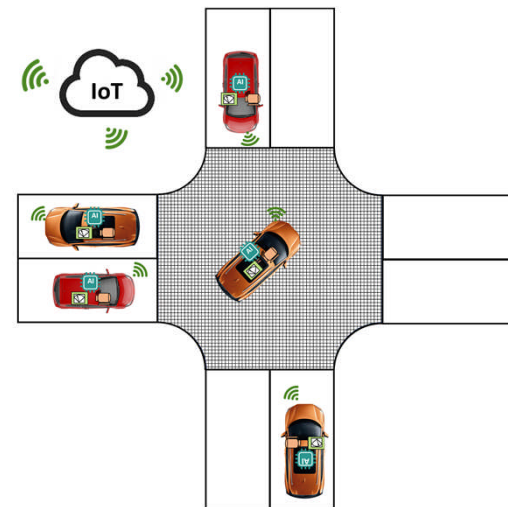
- Decentralized negotiation between vehicles to coordinate speed and sequence through V2V
- No commands from higher hierarchical level
- Suboptimal solution

Cooperative intersection management

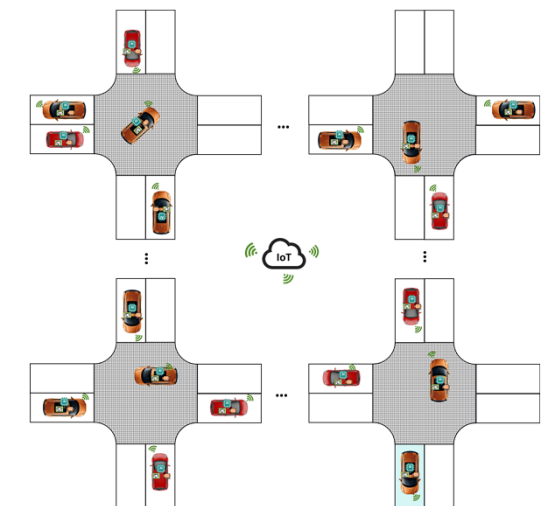
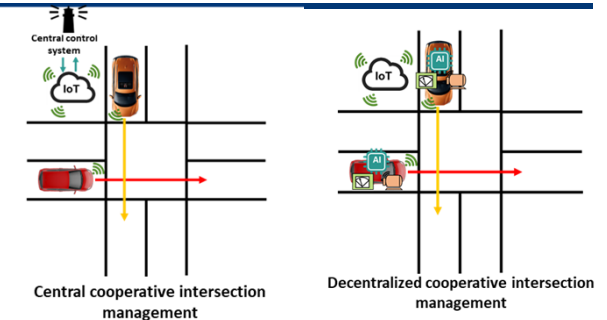
- based on networked autonomous vehicles
- creating and executing a (global) optimal sequence for road users

Deficits of the current research:

- Focus on the isolated single intersection
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- 
- vehicle's behaviors at the single intersection are interdependent
 - the causality loops in the trajectory planning of the vehicles
 - resulting in no reasonable solution
 - developed under certain constraints and for specific application scenarios

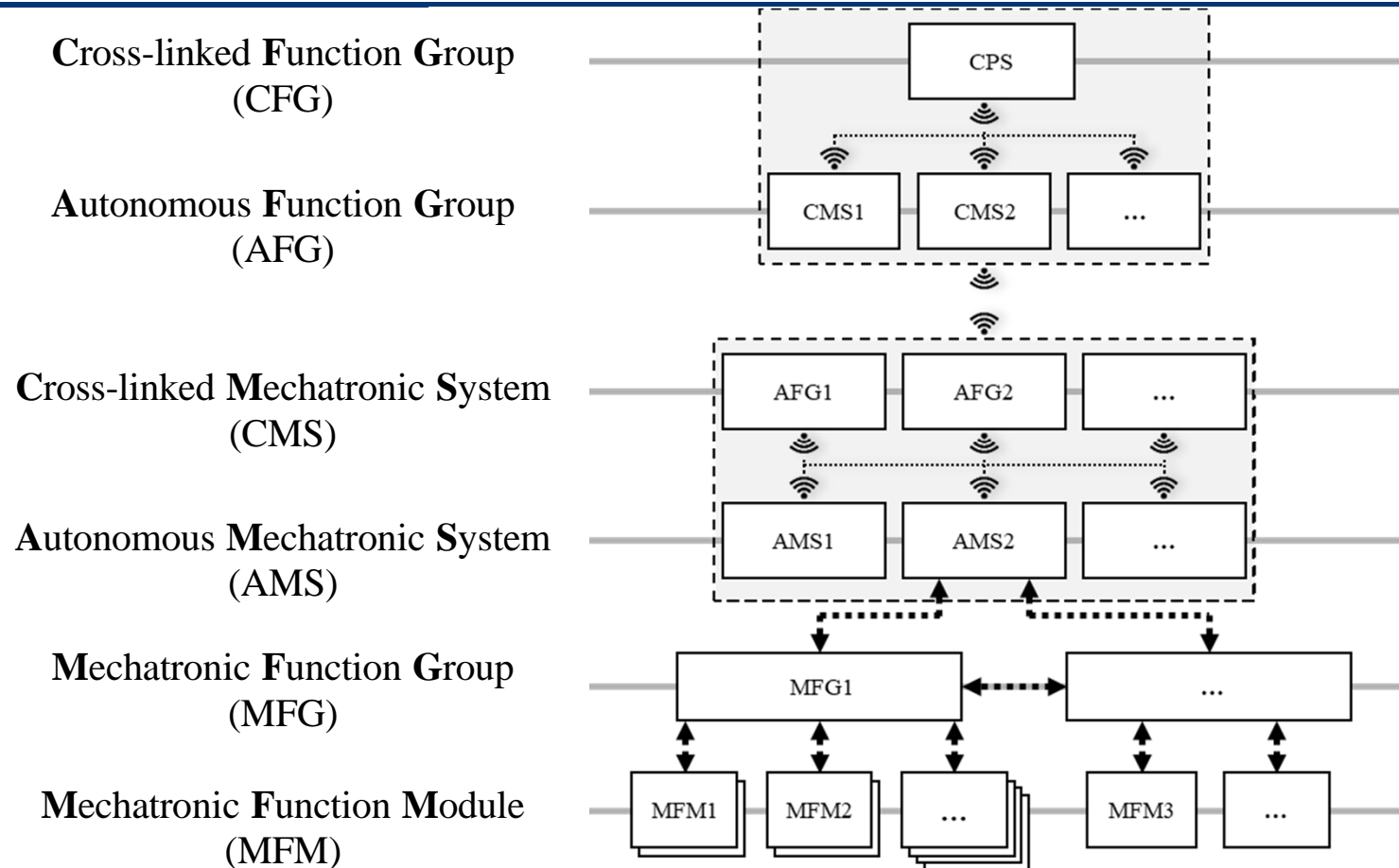


**area-wide cooperative
intersection management**

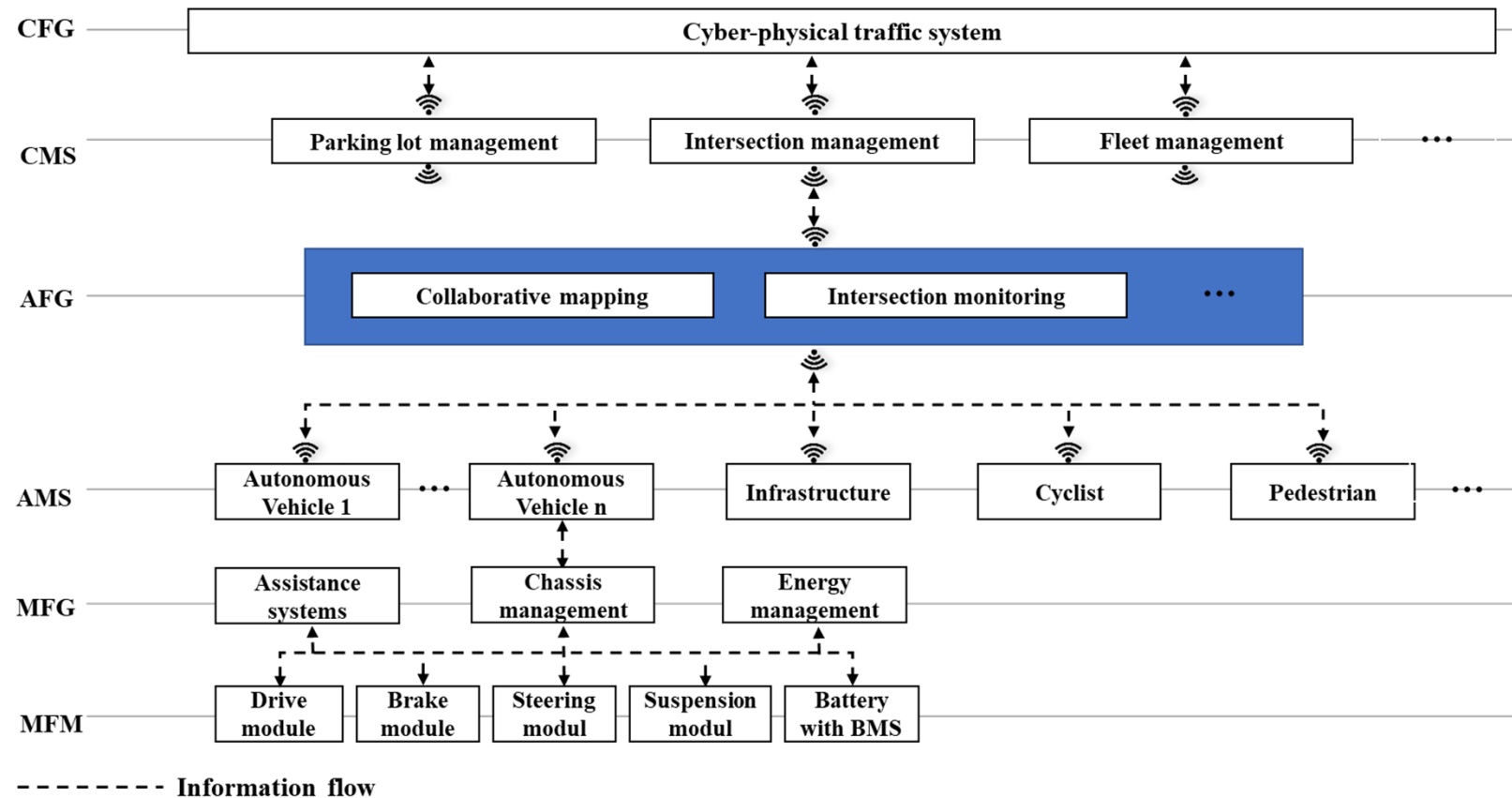


**network-wide cooperative
intersection management**

Mechatronic structuring



Development of the decentralized cooperative intersection management



Simulation scenario

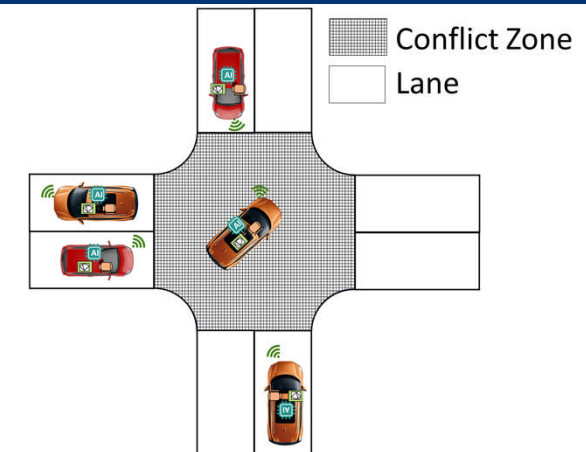
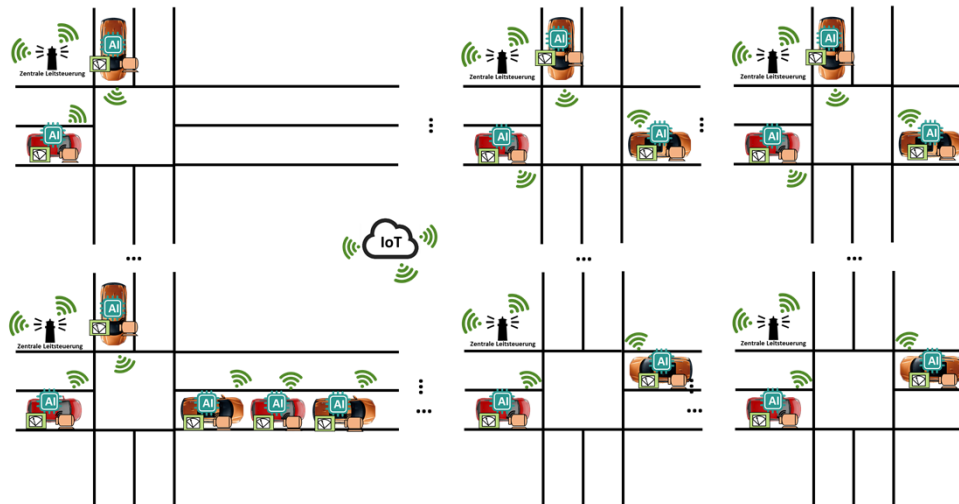
Test case 1: Single intersection with regular traffic volume in all entry directions

- Low traffic intensity: < 1000 vehicles/h
- Medium traffic intensity: 1000 vehicles/h - 2600 vehicles/h
- High traffic intensity: > 2600 vehicles/h

Test case 2: Single intersection with irregular traffic volume in entry directions

Traffic intensity in east-west direction = **a** * Traffic intensity in north-south direction

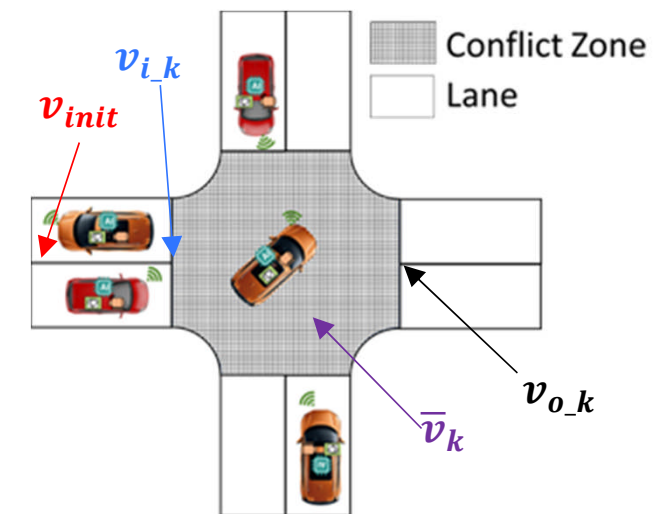
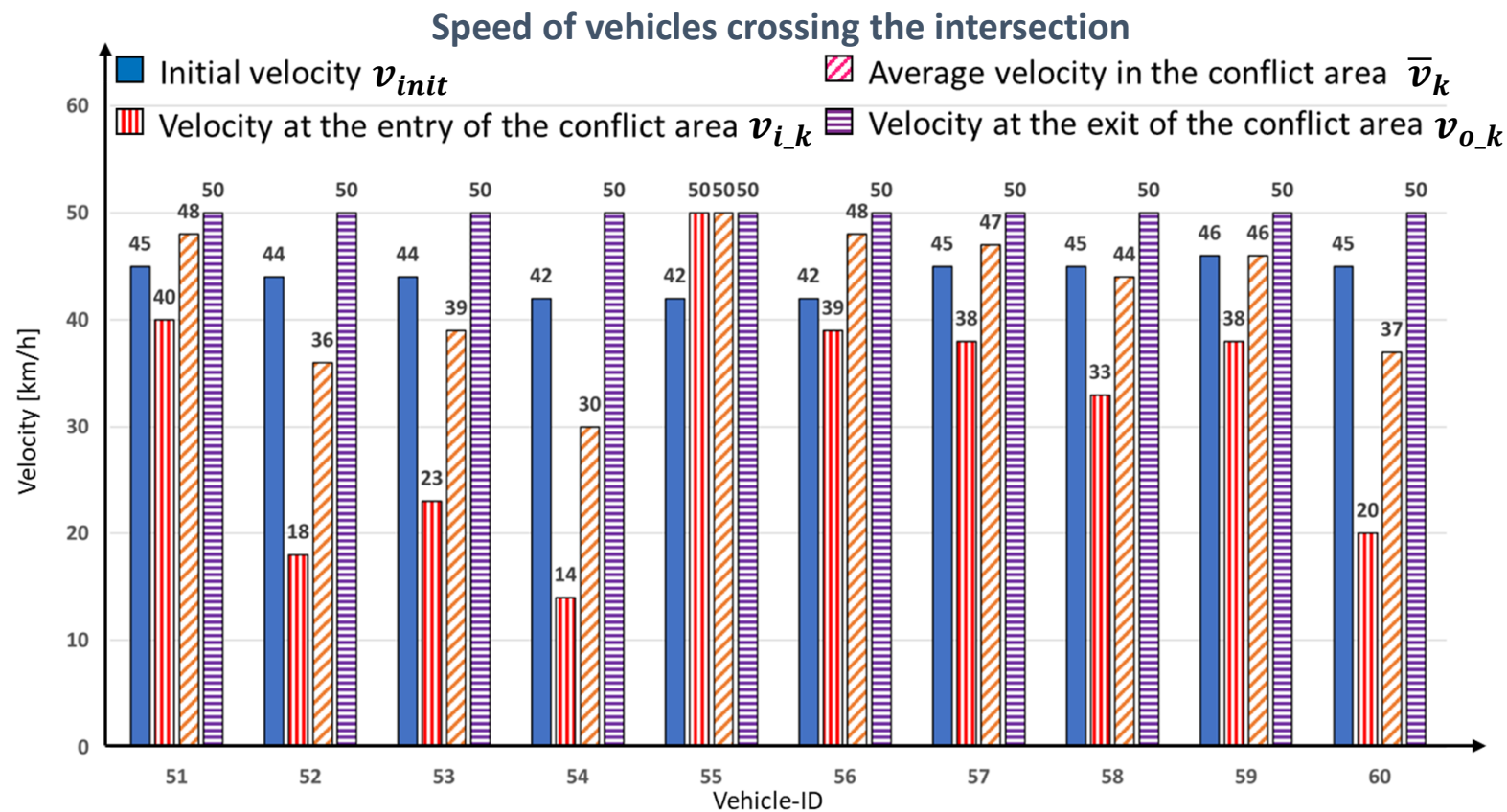
Test case 3: Road network with four intersections



Intersection	
Width of the lane [m]	4
Width of the conflict zone [m]	24
Vehicle model	
Vehicle length [m]	4
Width of the vehicle [m]	1,9
Max. Acceleration [m/s ²]	4,5
Max. Brake [m/s ²]	10
Max. Velocity [km/h]	50

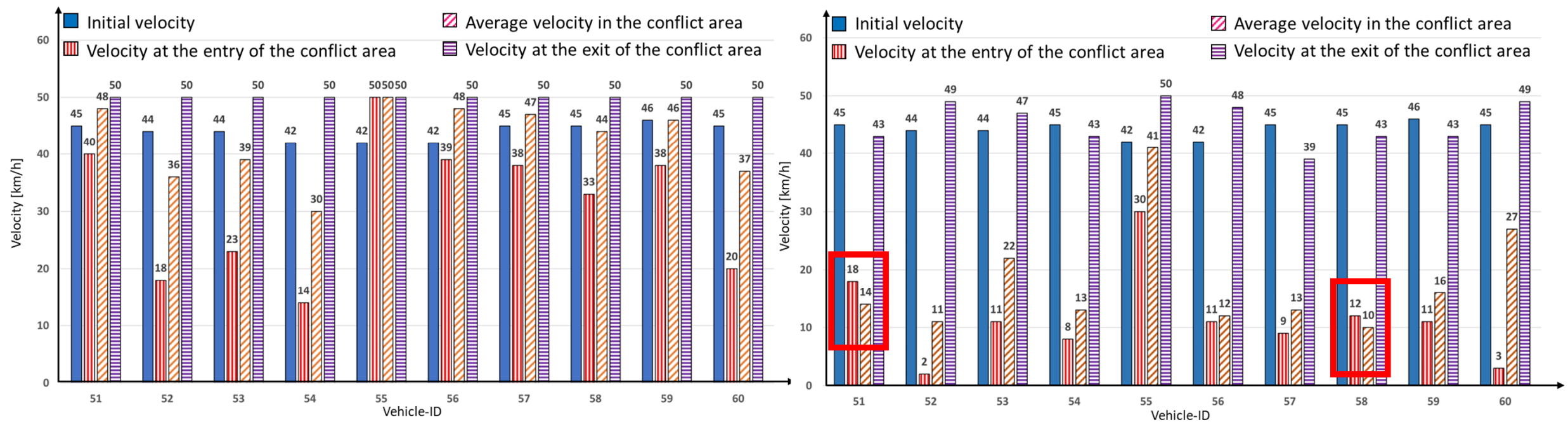
Analysis of the simulation results

Test case 1: Single intersection with regular traffic volume in all entry directions



Analysis of the simulation results

Test case 1: Single intersection with regular traffic volume in all entry directions

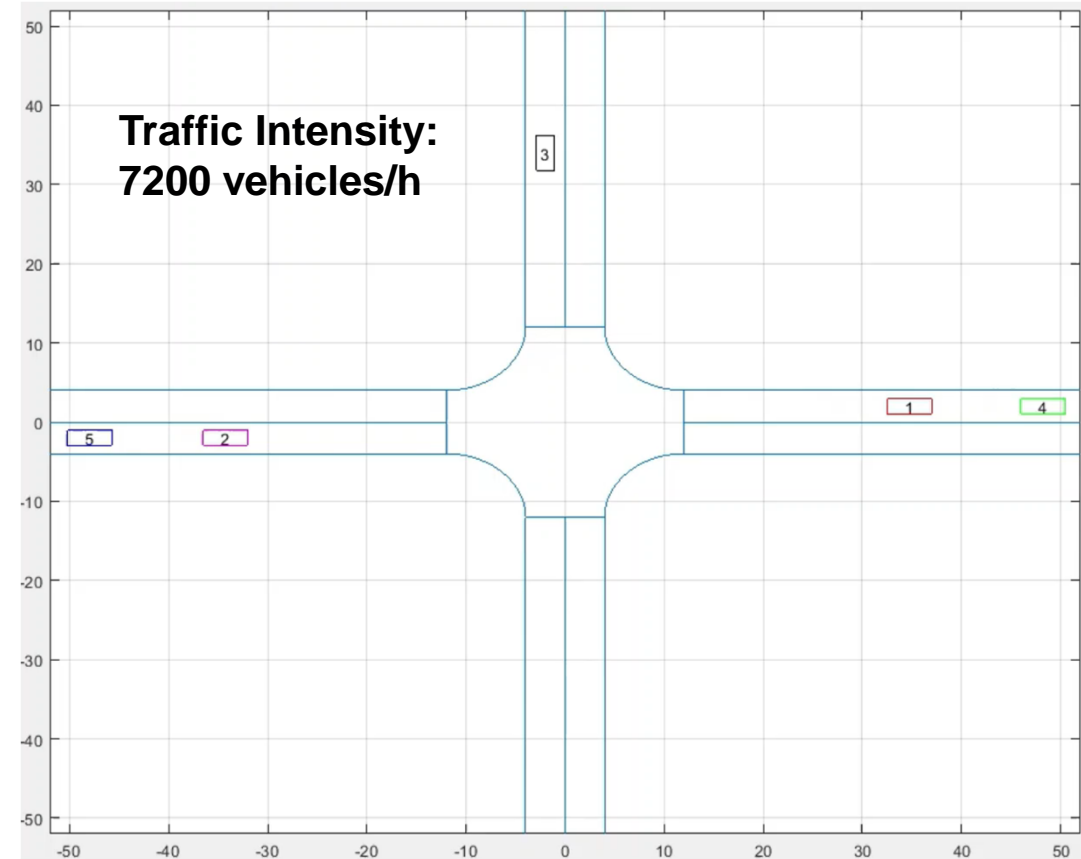
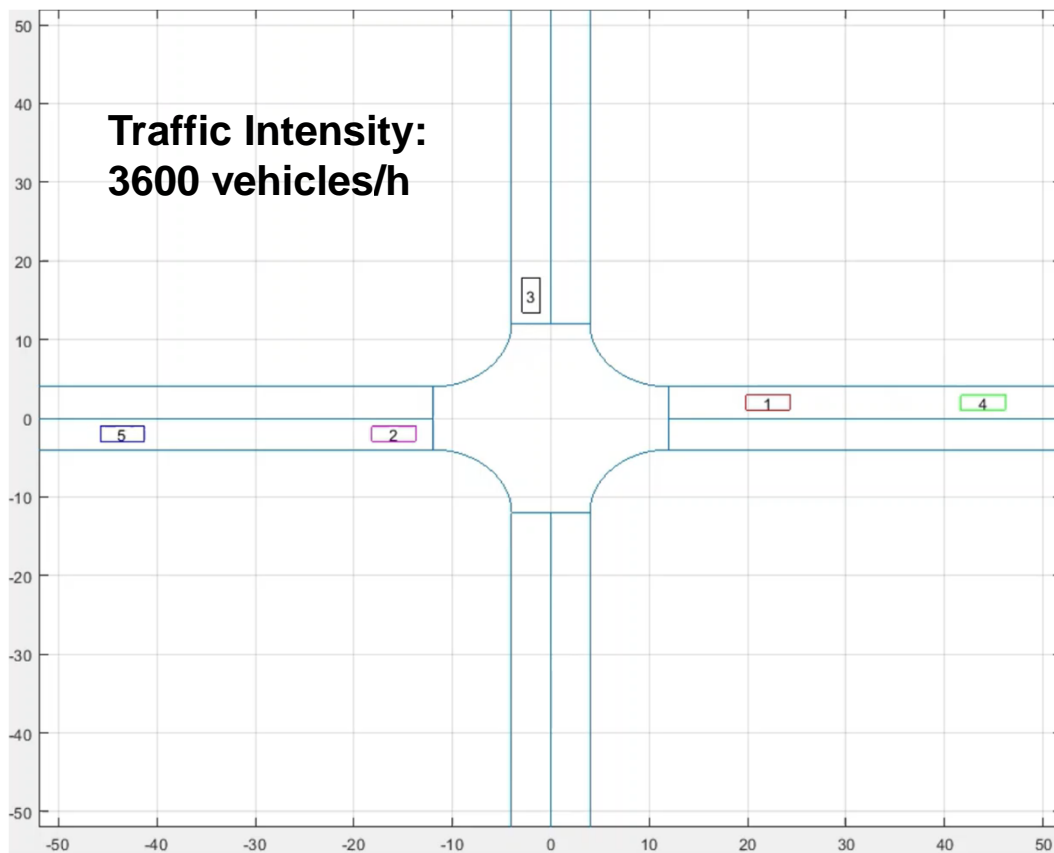


Speed of vehicles crossing the intersection with traffic volume of **3600** vehicles/h.

Speed of vehicles crossing the intersection with traffic volume of **7200** vehicles/h.

Analysis of the simulation results

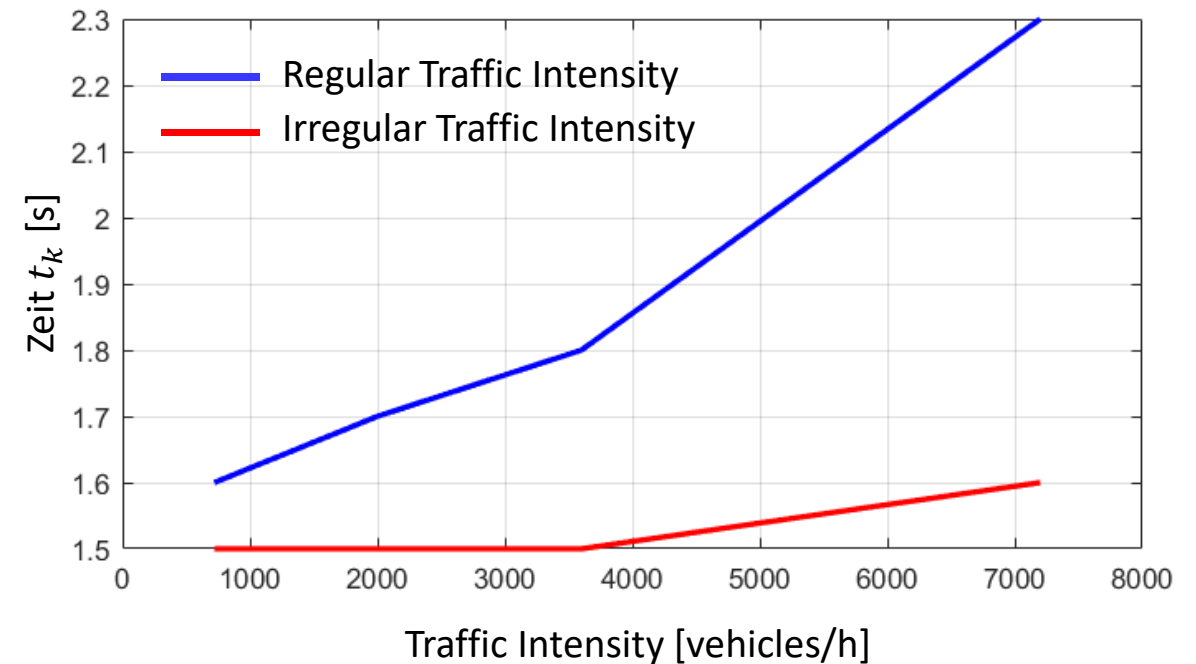
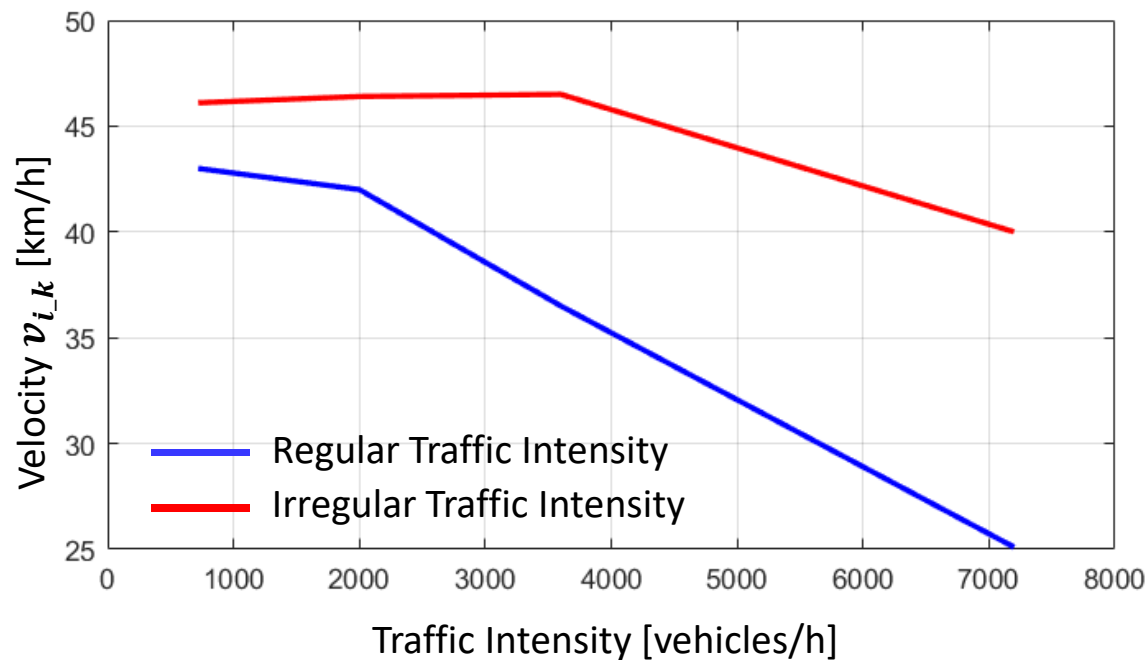
Test case 1: Single intersection with regular traffic volume in all entry directions



Analysis of the simulation results

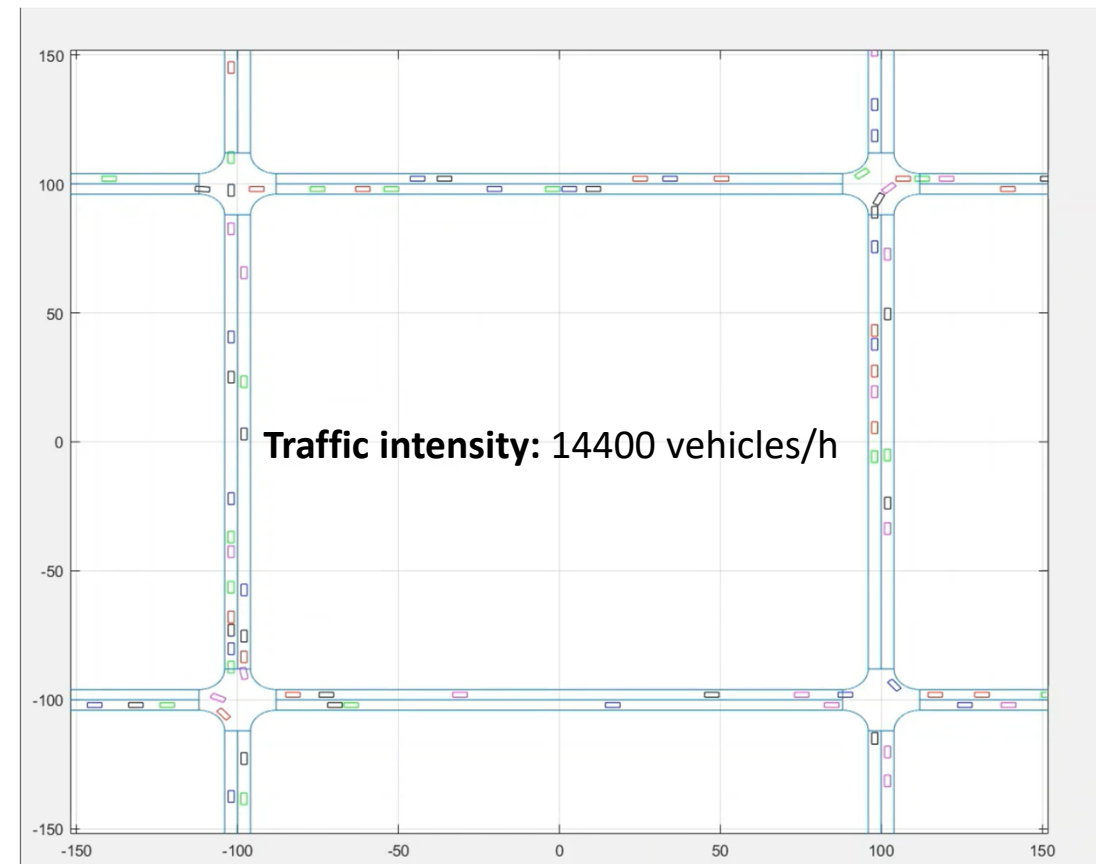
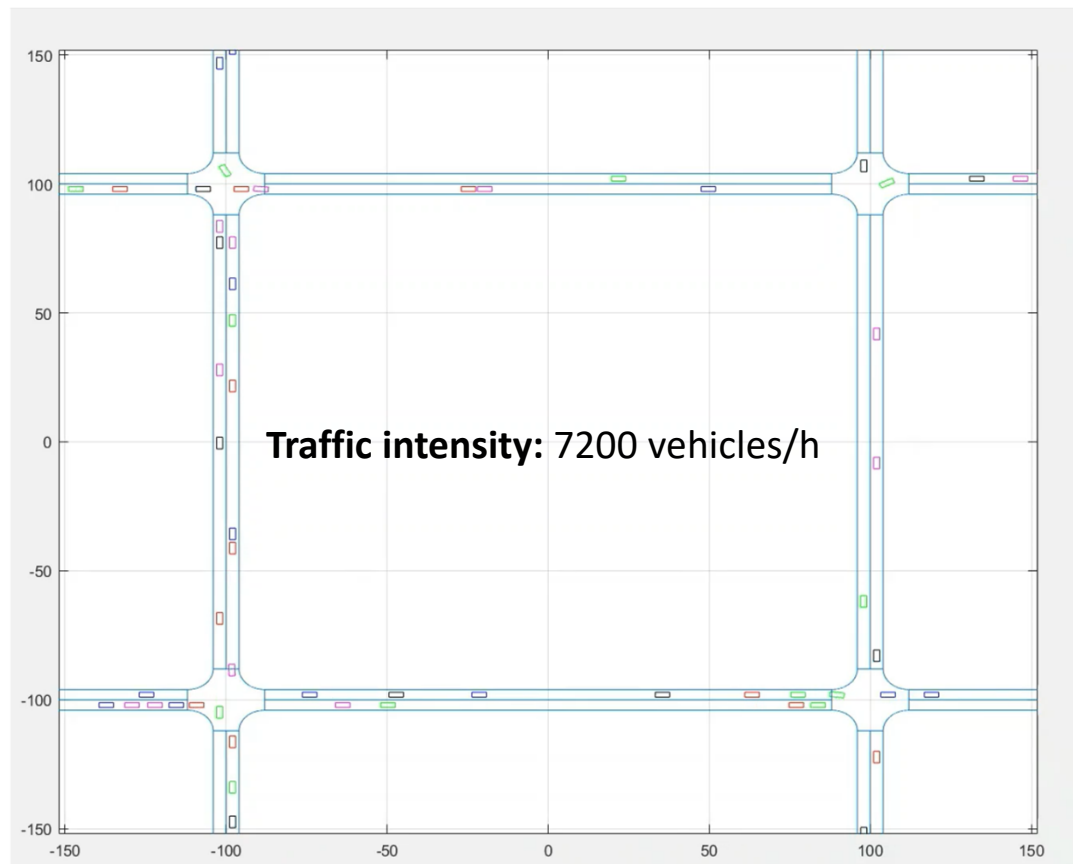
Test case 2: Single intersection with irregular traffic volume in entry directions

Traffic intensity in east-west direction = **2*** Traffic intensity in north-south direction



Analysis of the simulation results

Test case 3: Road network with four intersections



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- Development of the decentralized cooperative intersection management system
 - Creation of the system and functional structure of the CPS based on the requirements
 - Validation of the functionality through Simulation in virtual test bench with different traffic intensity
 - Application in intersections with different topological characteristics
 - Evaluation of the performance of centralized and decentralized intersection management



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Analysis of the simulation results

Test case 2: Single intersection with irregular traffic volume in entry directions

