

Design of Japanese Character Input Screen for Smartwatch

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- B.Sc. in Information Science and Technology, The University of Electro-Communications, 2021
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Researcher of UEC SPRING- Present

Background

Touch



- \sim Conventional character input method \sim
- Input similar to smartphones
- Intuitive input

Problem

Small screen

- Small Button
 - → Fat Finger Problem
- High input screen occupancy





Vocal input ← Easy

Problem

- Resistance to use in public
- Operating environment (noise x)

Background



~Touch input (Japanese)~

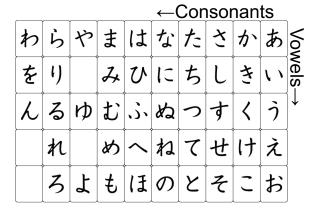
Japanese Input



<Input Method>

Consonants: Touch

Vowels: Slide



Consonants: 10 types Vowels: 5 types



Requires about 60 choices

Problem

Small screen

- Small Button
 - → Fat Finger Problem
- High input screen occupancy

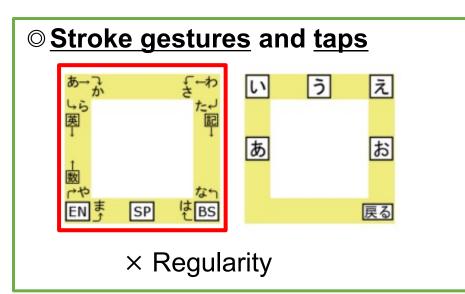


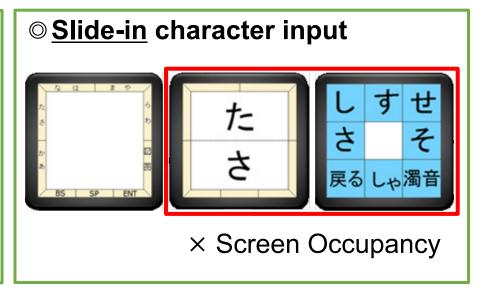
Improved input screen design

Previous Study



 \sim Input screen design for smartwatches \sim





BubbleSlide:Circular design





× Screen Occupancy

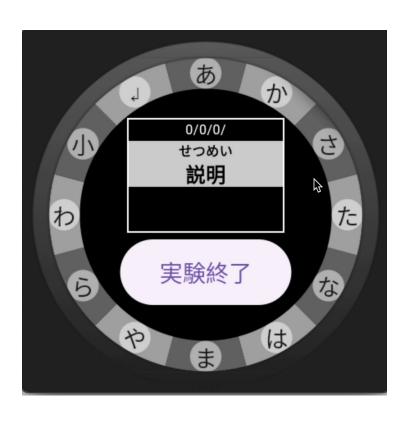
Ideal screen design

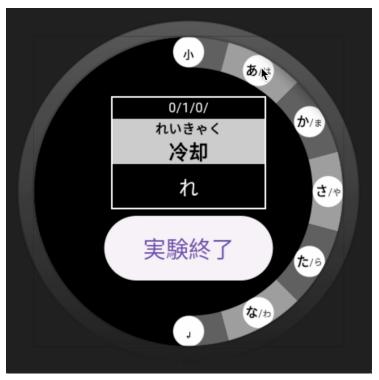
- Regular key layout ← Intuitive input
- <u>Low</u> screen occupancy

Proposed Method



Screen design





Ring

Half Ring

Proposed Method



OKey layout: Edge of screen and Circular

Low screen occupancy

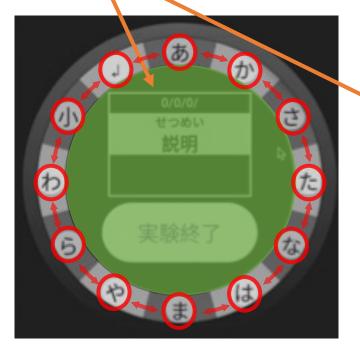
Reduce <u>erroneous input</u>

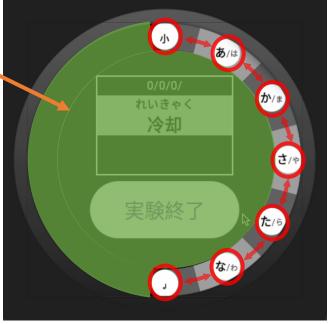
Largest layout

Information Presentation Screen

 No more two adjacent keys Clockwise alignment

- •Regular arrangement
- •Designed to fit smartwatches





Proposed Method



Consonant selection

わらやまはなたさか

ろよもほのとそこお

をり みひにちしきいんるゆむふぬつすくうれ めへねてせけえ



Touch

Vowel selection

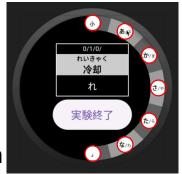


Slide (Clockwise)

Slide



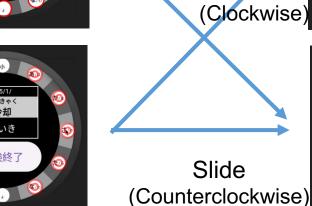
Half Ring



(d)

Touch









Double Touch

Experiment



Method

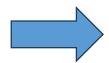
- Subject: 8 persons (Different subjects in experiments Haptic and Visual)
- Device : Google Pixel Watch 2
- Wearing the device on the non-dominant arm
- Seated state

<Task>

Input words : 2 set

1 set = 30 words

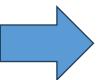
1 word = 4 ~ 6 characters



Total: 300 characters

<Measurement Data>

- ○Touch log
 - Time
 - Input Character
 - Touch Coordinates etc.

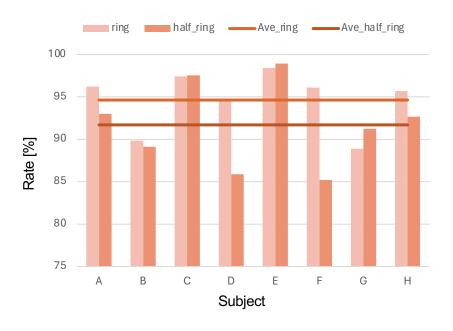


CPM (Character Per Minute)

Input Rate

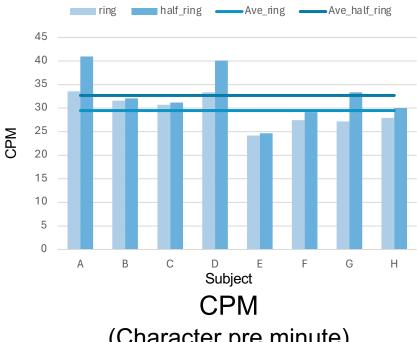
Result





Input Rate

- Ring tend to be higher than Half Ring
- Large difference between subjects D and F



(Character pre minute)

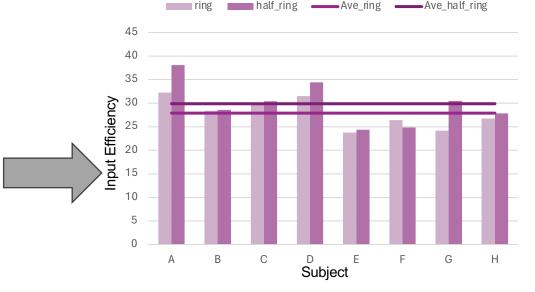
Half Ring higher than Ring for all subjects





[Input Efficiency]

- = [Input Rate] * [CPM]
- Ability to input characters accurately and quickly
- Comprehensive evaluation of the user's input ability.



Input Efficiency

Comparison with conventional methods

	Stroke	SliT	Bubble Slide	Proposed Method	
	gesture			Ring	Half Ring
СРМ	18.2	28.7	28	29.5	32.7
Input Rate	94.4	95.3	92	94.6	91.7
Input Efficiency	17.2	27.4	25.8	27.9	30.0

- Ring tended to have higher input efficiency than Half Ring.
- The two proposed methods have higher performance than conventional methods.

Consideration



OInput Rate, CPM, Input Efficiency

- Input Rate : Ring > Half Ring trend <Ring>
 - Clockwise key arrangement → Intuitive Input
 Half Ring>
 - Use of touch or double touch for consonant selection
- CPM : Ring < Half Ring (All Subject)
 <Ring>
 - Slide left side with right hand \rightarrow Finger covers screen <Half Ring>
 - Half Ring has only one side of input area → shorter slide distance
- Input Efficiency : Ring < Half Ring trend
 - Half Ring has better design potential

Proposed method and Conventional method

- Input Efficiency: Proposed method > Conventional method
 - → Usability of Proposed method

Conclusion



Purpose

• Design of the input screen design to make it easier to input characters on a smartwatch.

Proposed Method





	Ring	Half Ring	
CPM	29.5	32.7	
Input Rate	94.6	91.7	
Input Efficiency	27.9	30.0	

- Half Ring has higher CPM, Input Efficiency, and is possibly superior.
- The performance of the two proposed methods is superior to that of the conventional method.

Future Prospect

- Collect data on more subjects, identify and solve problems
- Investigation of character input screen design for other languages



Thank you for your attention.