Towards Al-Generated African Textile Patterns with StyleGAN and Stable Diffusion

Seidenberg

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AISyS 2024 September 29, 2024 to October 03, 2024 - Venice, Italy

### Agenda

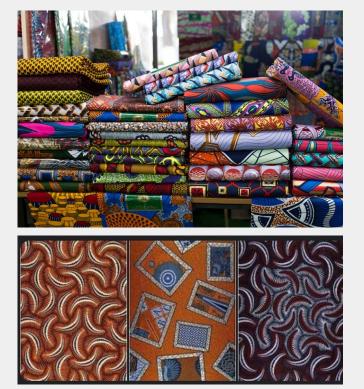
- Why this work?
- Wax patterns
- Background on GAN and StyleGAN
- Background on Stable Diffusion
- Experimentation
- Results
- Conclusion & Future Work

#### Exploration

- How to use Generative AI to create African wax patterns?
- How can different training approaches manipulate design aspects like color, pattern, and texture?
- How to bridge communities and target global problems?

## Wax Fabric

Wax



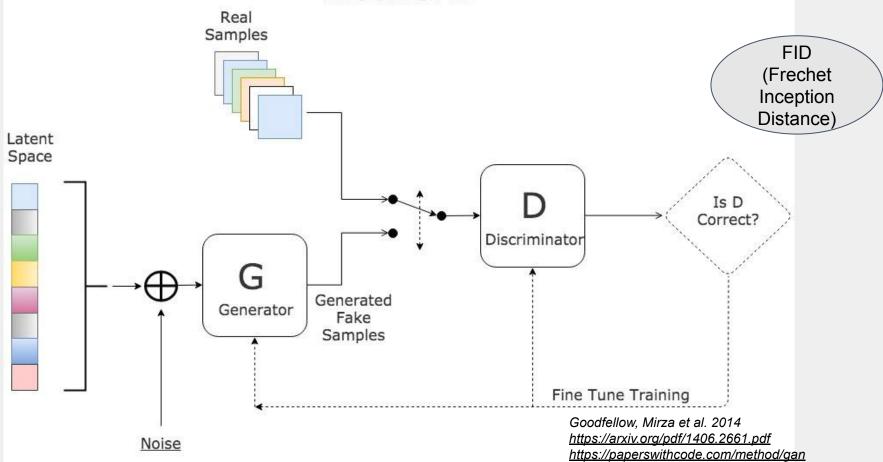
#### **International Context**



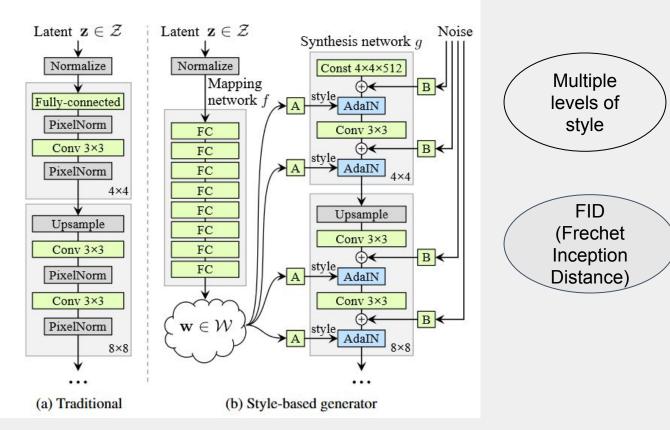
[Dior, Cruise 2020 Collection, https://www.dior.com/en\_us/fashion/womens-fashion/ready-to-wear-shows/cruise-2020show]

lwaria picture on Pexels. https://www.pexels.com/photo/close-up-photo-of-african-fabrics-8655023/

#### Generative Adversarial Network



### StyleGAN



Karras et all , NVIDIA 2018 https://arxiv.org/pdf/1812.04948.pdf



#### Middle styles $(16^2 - 32^2)$

 $(4^2 - 8^2)$ 

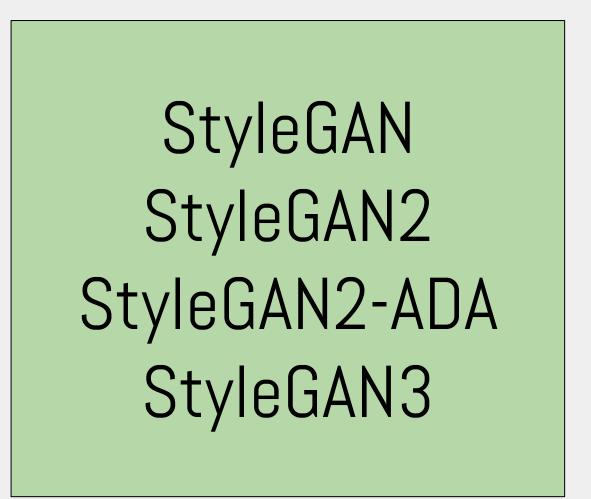


Fine styles  $(64^2 - 1024^2)$ 



- Coarse styles  $\rightarrow$  pose, hair, face shape
- Middle styles  $\rightarrow$  facial features, eyes
- Fine styles  $\rightarrow$  color scheme

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kSLJriaOumA



### **Evaluation of Generated Images**

- Frechet Inception Distance (FID) is a metric used to evaluate the quality and diversity of generated images in GAN.
- Lower FID suggests that the generated images are more similar to the real images in terms of their overall appearance and statistical properties.
- FID calculates the distance between the distributions of real and generated images in a feature space learned by an InceptionV3 neural network.

#### FID

- FID has several limitations: unique application to images, insensitivity to certain fine-grained details, subjectivity, and requirements on image preprocessing (scale, cropping and normalization).
- FID and other evaluation metrics should be coupled with Subject Matter Expert (SME) evaluation to judge the realism and details of generated images.

#### **Stable Diffusion**

- Stable Diffusion models (e.g., Stability AI SDXL) produce images guided by textual descriptions
- They rely on a Variational Autoencoder (VAE) to map images to and from this latent space, producing a randomized initialized noise, and a Denoising Diffusion Probabilistic Model (DDPM) to iteratively refine these image



Ho et all, 2020, <u>https://arxiv.org/pdf/2006.11239.pdf</u>

#### Dataset

Synthetic dataset

- 2000 1024x1024 images collected from OpenAl DALL-E 2 using prompt engineering, capturing various shapes, colors, objects
- **Preprocessing:** Image normalization and data augmentation









### StyleGAN2-ADA versus StyleGAN3



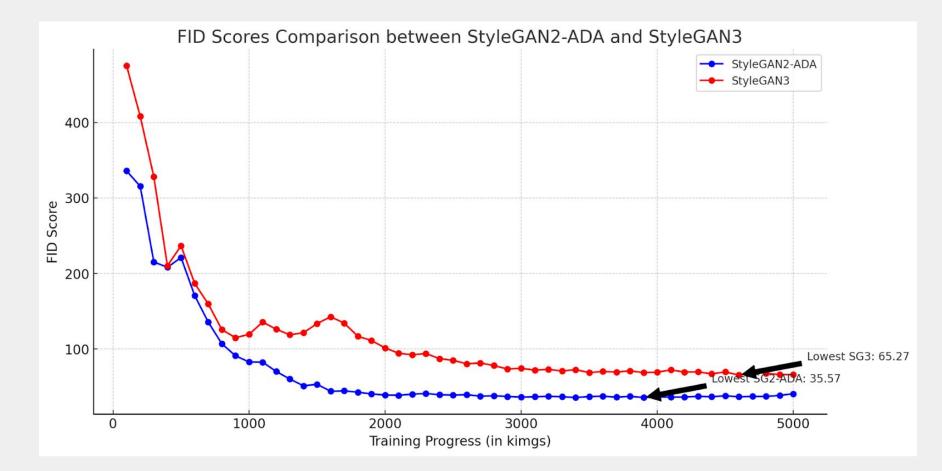


FID 35.57

HPC on 2 nodes. Each node is a 2x Intel(R) Xeon(R) Gold 6136 CPU @ 3.00GHz (24 cores total), 384GB RAM and 3x Nvidia Tesla V100 GPUs



FID 65.27



Training Progress of StyleGAN2-ADA and StyleGAN3 in Kimgs Depicting FID.

### **StyleGAN2ADA versus Stable Diffusion**





FID 35.57

Prompt: "Afwapa, beautiful african wax pattern with blue and black designs"



## Results

- Varied performances and nuances in the production of the generated images.
- StyleGAN models are dedicated to learn and mimic complex distributions from training data. They capture global and local patterns.
  - Quality of generated images dependent of the diversity and size of the training dataset, the alignment of images, the model capacity, and the specifics of the training data
- Stable Diffusion models leverage the characteristics of these patterns more directly throughout the image generation process.
  - Higher fidelity to the specific overall style of African wax patterns

## **Conclusion & Future** Work

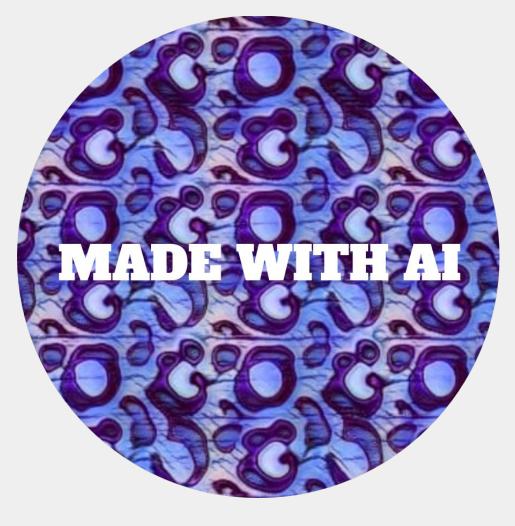
- StyleGAN2-ADA generated designs diverse in colors, shapes and details with some symmetry and repetition.
- Stable Diffusion was stronger with symmetry and repetition, but it generated less details.
- Importance of human involvement in the process
- Refinement of the styles geometry, symmetry, symbols etc.
- **Broader impact:** Diversity of the problems to tackle and solve; bridge between communities

# THANKS

#### Email:: <u>cscharff@pace.edu</u>

Thanks to all involved in the project

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